Reliability Study Update

Emergency Diesel Generator

1997-2002

This report presents a performance evaluation of the emergency diesel generators (EDGs) at U.S. commercial power plants. The evaluation is based on the operating experience from 1997 through 2002. This is the latest update to NUREG/CR 5500 Volume 8. The data for the initial EPS study were obtained from LERs and Special Reports for plants reporting under Regulatory Guide 1.108 for 1987 through 1993. Plants have not been reporting these Special Reports to NRC since RG 1.108 was canceled. Therefore, the EPS results used in this update were obtained from the Equipment Performance and Information Exchange (EPIX) database using the Reliability and Availability Database System (RADS) software for 1997 through 2002.

This report calculates two basic models for the EDGs. The first model, start mission, models the period when the EDG has achieved rated speed and/or voltage (FTS) and the load and run model (FTLR). The load and run demand includes the loading of the EDG and closing of the output circuit breaker, as well as the first hour of operation. The EDG run mission (FTR) is for seven hours to make a total of 8-hours of operation.

1 LATEST VALUES AND TRENDS

1.1 Industry-Wide Unavailability and Unreliability

The industry-wide unavailability and unreliability of the EDGs have been estimated from operating experience. A failure to start (FTS) unavailability and an 8-hour mission unreliability were evaluated, see Table 1. The estimates are based on failures that occurred during unplanned demands, and cyclic and quarterly surveillance tests.

	Model	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)
No Recovery	Failure-to-Start (Unavailability)	7.67E-03	1.64E-02	2.78E-02
	8-hour Mission (Unreliability)	1.01E-02	2.42E-02	4.3E-02
With Recovery	Failure-to-Start (Unavailability)	6.95E-03	1.35E-02	2.17E-02
	8-hour Mission (Unreliability)	8.20E-03	1.74E-02	2.93E-02

Table 1. Industry-wide values.

1.2 Fail to Start Model Results

No statistically significant¹ trend within the industry estimates of EDGs unavailability (FTS), with or without recovery, on a per fiscal year basis was identified. Figure 1 shows the trend in the FTS model

¹ The term "statistically significant" means that the data are too closely correlated to be attributed to chances and the data consequently have a systematic relationship. A p-value of less than 0.05 is generally considered statistically significant.

unavailability without recovery. Table 2 shows the data points for Figure 1. Figure 2 shows the trend in the FTS model unavailability with recovery. Table 3 shows the data points for Figure 2.

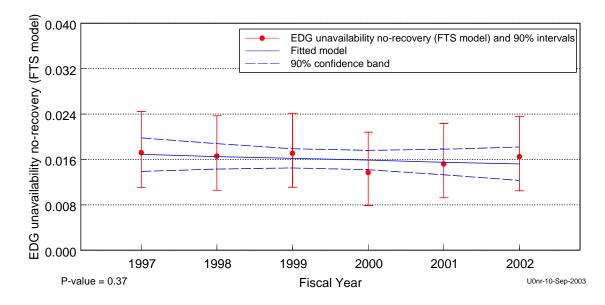


Figure 1. Trend of EDGs unavailability (FTS model, no recovery), as a function of fiscal year.

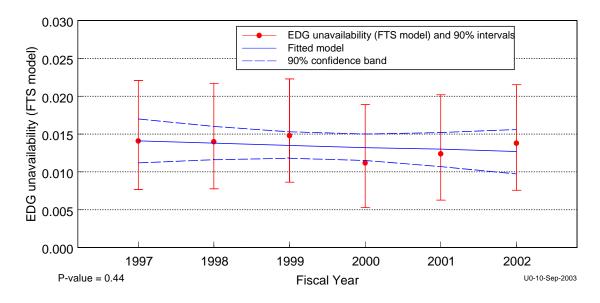


Figure 2. Trend of EDGs unavailability (FTS model, with recovery), as a function of fiscal year.

1.3 Fail to Operate for 7-Hour Model

No statistically significant trend within the industry estimates of EDGs unreliability (7-hour mission), with or without recovery, on a per fiscal year basis was identified. Figure 3 displays the trend by fiscal year of the EDGs unreliability calculated from the 1997–2002 experience without recovery.

Table 4 shows the data points for Figure 3. Figure 4 shows the trend in the 7-hour mission model unreliability with recovery. Table 5 shows the data points for Figure 4.

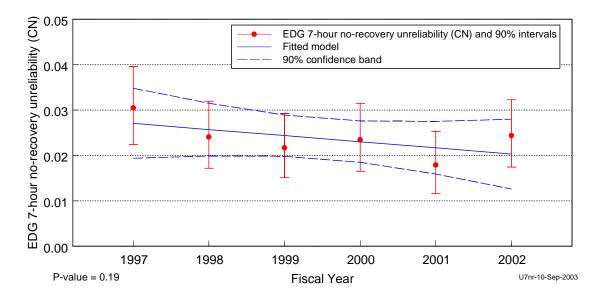


Figure 3. Trend of EDGs unreliability (7-hour model, no recovery), as a function of fiscal year.

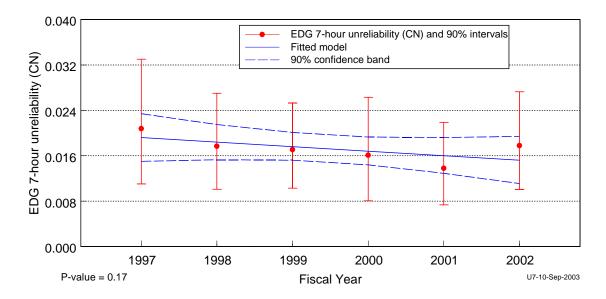


Figure 4. Trend of EDGs unreliability (7-hour model, with recovery), as a function of fiscal year.

2 DATA TABLES

2.1 Data Tables for Unreliability and Unavailability Trends

	Plot Trend Error Bar Points			Regression Curve Data Points		
FY	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)
1997	1.11E-02	1.72E-02	2.45E-02	1.39E-02	1.69E-02	1.98E-02
1998	1.06E-02	1.66E-02	2.37E-02	1.43E-02	1.65E-02	1.88E-02
1999	1.11E-02	1.71E-02	2.42E-02	1.45E-02	1.62E-02	1.79E-02
2000	7.83E-03	1.37E-02	2.08E-02	1.42E-02	1.59E-02	1.76E-02
2001	9.23E-03	1.52E-02	2.23E-02	1.33E-02	1.55E-02	1.78E-02
2002	1.05E-02	1.65E-02	2.36E-02	1.23E-02	1.52E-02	1.82E-02

Table 2. Plot data table for EDGs unavailability, FTS model, no recovery. Figure 1

Table 3. Plot data table for EDGs unavailability, FTS model, with recovery. Figure 2

	Plot Trend Error Bar Points			Regression Curve Data Points		
FY	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)
1997	7.70E-03	1.41E-02	2.21E-02	1.12E-02	1.41E-02	1.70E-02
1998	7.75E-03	1.40E-02	2.17E-02	1.16E-02	1.38E-02	1.60E-02
1999	8.65E-03	1.48E-02	2.23E-02	1.18E-02	1.35E-02	1.53E-02
2000	5.24E-03	1.12E-02	1.88E-02	1.15E-02	1.32E-02	1.50E-02
2001	6.27E-03	1.24E-02	2.02E-02	1.07E-02	1.30E-02	1.52E-02
2002	7.58E-03	1.38E-02	2.15E-02	9.73E-03	1.27E-02	1.56E-02

Table 4. Plot data table for EDGs unreliability, 7-hour mission, no recovery. Figure 3

	Plot Trend Error Bar Points			Regression Curve Data Points		
FY	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)
1997	2.24E-02	3.05E-02	3.96E-02	1.94E-02	2.71E-02	3.48E-02
1998	1.72E-02	2.41E-02	3.20E-02	1.99E-02	2.57E-02	3.15E-02
1999	1.51E-02	2.17E-02	2.92E-02	1.98E-02	2.44E-02	2.89E-02
2000	1.65E-02	2.35E-02	3.14E-02	1.85E-02	2.30E-02	2.76E-02
2001	1.16E-02	1.79E-02	2.54E-02	1.59E-02	2.17E-02	2.75E-02
2002	1.75E-02	2.44E-02	3.23E-02	1.26E-02	2.03E-02	2.80E-02

	Plot Trend Error Bar Points			Regression Curve Data Points		
FY	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)	Lower (5%)	Mean	Upper (95%)
1997	1.10E-02	2.08E-02	3.30E-02	1.50E-02	1.92E-02	2.34E-02
1998	1.01E-02	1.77E-02	2.70E-02	1.53E-02	1.84E-02	2.15E-02
1999	1.03E-02	1.71E-02	2.53E-02	1.52E-02	1.76E-02	2.01E-02
2000	8.05E-03	1.61E-02	2.63E-02	1.44E-02	1.68E-02	1.93E-02
2001	7.33E-03	1.38E-02	2.19E-02	1.29E-02	1.60E-02	1.92E-02
2002	1.01E-02	1.78E-02	2.73E-02	1.11E-02	1.52E-02	1.94E-02

 Table 5. Plot data table for EDGs unreliability, 7-hour mission, with recovery. Figure 4