# **Component Performance Study**

# **Motor-Operated Valves**

# 1998-2007

# **1 INTRODUCTION**

This report presents a performance evaluation of motor-operated valves (MOVs) at U.S. commercial nuclear power plants. This report does not estimate values for use in probabilistic risk assessments (PRAs), but does evaluate component performance over time. Reference 1 (<u>NUREG/CR-6928</u>) reports MOV unreliability estimates using Equipment Performance and Information Exchange (EPIX) data from 1998–2002 for use in PRAs.

The trend evaluations in this study are based on the operating experience failure reports from fiscal year (FY) 1998 through FY 2007 as reported in EPIX. The MOV failure modes considered are failure-to-open/close (failure to operate) (FTOC) and spurious operation (SO).

Previously, the study relied on operating experience obtained from licensee event reports, Nuclear Plant Reliability Data System (NPRDS), and EPIX. The EPIX database (which includes as a subset the Mitigating Systems Performance Index (MSPI) designated devices) has matured to the point where component availability and reliability can be estimated with a higher degree of assurance of accuracy. In addition, the population of data is much larger than the population used in the previous study.

The objective of the effort for the updated component performance studies is to obtain annual performance trends of failure rates and probabilities. An overview of the trending methods, glossary of terms, and abbreviations can be found in the <u>Overview and Reference</u> document on the Reactor Operational Experience Results and Databases web page.

## 2 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The results of this study are summarized in this section. Of particular interest is the existence of any statistically significant<sup>1</sup> increasing trends. In this update, no statistically significant increasing trends were identified in the MOV results. Statistically significant decreasing trends were identified in the MOV results for the following:

- All systems, industry-wide MOV FTOC trend. (see Figure 1)
- Frequency (failures per reactor year) of MOV FTOC events. (see Figure 4)

Table 3 shows that 70% of the MOV FTOC failures occurred in 8 systems. Similarly, Table 4 shows that 65% of the MOV SO failures occurred in 3 systems.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Statistically significant is defined in terms of the 'p-value.' A p-value is a probability indicating whether to accept or reject the null hypothesis that there is no trend in the data. P-values of less than or equal to 0.05 indicate that we are 95% confident that there is a trend in the data (reject the null hypothesis of no trend.) By convention, we use the "Michelin Guide" scale: p-value < 0.05 (statistically significant), p-value < 0.01 (highly statistically significant); p-value < 0.001 (extremely statistically significant).

### **3 FAILURE PROBABILITIES AND FAILURE RATES**

#### 3.1 Overview

The industry-wide failure probabilities and failure rates of MOVs have been calculated from the operating experience for the FTOC and SO failure modes. The MOV data set obtained from EPIX was reduced to include only those MOVs with  $\leq 20$  demands/year (to match the standby data collection criteria in <u>NUREG/CR-6928</u>) and includes MOVs in the systems listed in Table 1. Table 2 shows industry-wide failure probability and failure rate results for the MOV from Reference 1.

The MOVs are assumed to operate both when the reactor is critical and during shutdown periods. The number of valves in operation is assumed to be constant throughout the study period. All demand types are considered—testing, non-testing, and, as applicable, emergency safeguard feature (ESF) demands.

System	Description	Valve	System	Description
		Count		
AFW	Auxiliary feedwater	484	LPCI	Low pressure coolant injection
CCW	Component cooling water	620	LPCS	Low pressure core spray
CDS	Condensate system	1	LPI	Low pressure injection
CHW	Chilled water system	46	MFW	Main feedwater
CIS	Containment isolation system	394	MSS	Main steam
CRD	Control rod drive	21	RCIC	Reactor core isolation
			RCS	Reactor coolant
CSR	Containment spray	332	RGW	Radioactive gaseous waste
	recirculation		RPS	Reactor protection
CTS	Condensate transfer system	6	RRS	Reactor recirculation
CVC	Chemical and volume control	538	RWC	Reactor water cleanup
EPS	Emergency power supply	2	SGT	Standby gas treatment
FWS	Firewater	8		
HPCI	High pressure coolant	241	SLC	Standby liquid control
	injection		SWN	Normal service water
HPCS	High pressure core spray	28	SWS	Emergency service water
HPSI	High pressure injection	1006		(Standby)
HVC	Heating ventilation and air	24	VSS	Vapor suppression
	conditioning			Total
IAS	Instrument air	14		
ISO	Isolation condenser	20		

Table 1. MOV systems.

Table 2. Industry-wide distributions of p (failure probability) and  $\lambda$  (hourly rate) for MOVs.

Failure	5%	Median	Mean	95%	Distribution			
Mode					Туре	α	β	
FTOC	8.0E-05	7.0E-04	1.0E-03	3.0E-03	Beta	1.20	1.20E+03	
SO	1.5E-10	2.0E-08	4.0E-08	1.5E-07	Gamma	0.50	1.25E+07	

Valve Count

739

200

> 158 1

> > 4

68

13

10

17

728 187

19

7766

#### 3.2 MOV Failure Probability and Failure Rate Trends

Trends in failure probabilities and failure rates are shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2. The data for the trend plots are contained in Table 5 and Table 6 respectively.

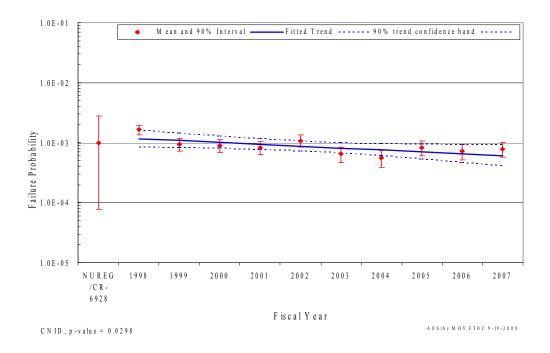
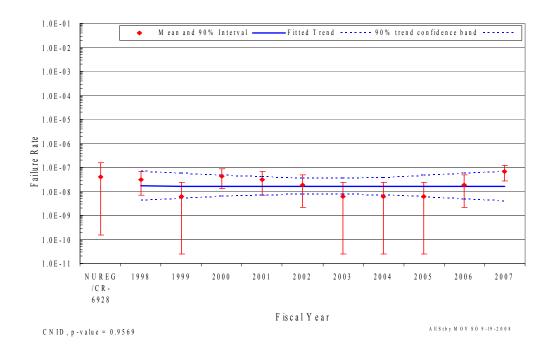
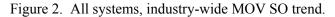


Figure 1. All systems, industry-wide MOV FTOC trend.

In the plots, the means of the posterior distributions from the Bayesian update process were trended across the years. The posterior distributions were also used for the vertical bounds for each year. The  $5^{th}$  and  $95^{th}$  percentiles of these distributions give an indication of the relative variation from year to year in the data. When there are no failures, the interval is larger than the interval for years when there are one or more failures. The larger interval reflects the uncertainty that comes from having little information in that year's data. Such uncertainty intervals are determined by the prior distribution. In each plot, a relatively "flat" constrained noninformative prior distribution (CNID) is used, which has large bounds.





The horizontal curves plotted around the regression lines in the graphs form 90 percent simultaneous confidence bands for the fitted lines. The bounds are larger than ordinary confidence intervals for the trended values because they form a band that has a 90% probability of containing the entire line. In the lower left hand corner of the trend figures, the regression p-values are reported. They come from a statistical test on whether the slope of the regression line might be zero. Low p-values indicate that the slopes are not likely to be zero, and that trends exist. Further information on the trending methods is provided in Section 2 of the <u>Overview and Reference</u> document. A final feature of the trend graphs is that the baseline industry values from Table 2 are shown for comparison.

#### **4 ENGINEERING TRENDS**

This section presents frequency trends for MOV failures and demands. The data are normalized by reactor year for plants that have the equipment being trended. Figure 3 shows the trend for MOV demands. Figure 4 shows the trend in failure events for FTOC mode, and Figure 5 shows the trend for the SO failure events. Table 3 summarizes the failures by system, year, and the FTOC failure mode. The major contributing systems for the FTOC failure mode are ESW, LPI, LPCI, and HPSI. Table 4 summarizes the failures by system, year, and the SO failure mode. The major contributing systems for the SO failure mode are ESW, LPCI, RCIC, and CIS. Table 7, Table 8, and Table 9 provide the frequency (per reactor year) of MOV demands, FTOC events, and SO events, respectively. The rate methods described in Section 2 of the <u>Overview and Reference</u> document are used.

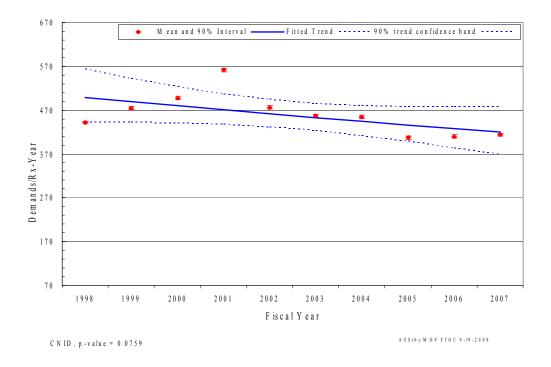


Figure 3. Frequency (demands per reactor year) of MOV operation demands.

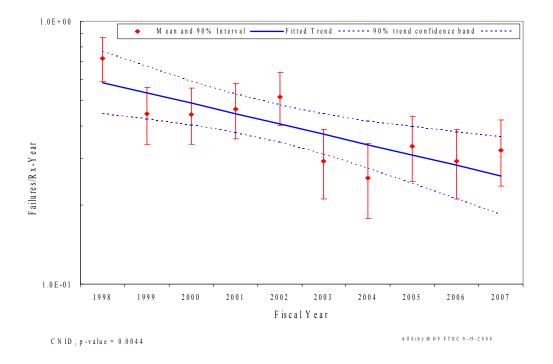


Figure 4. Frequency (failures per reactor year) of MOV FTOC events.

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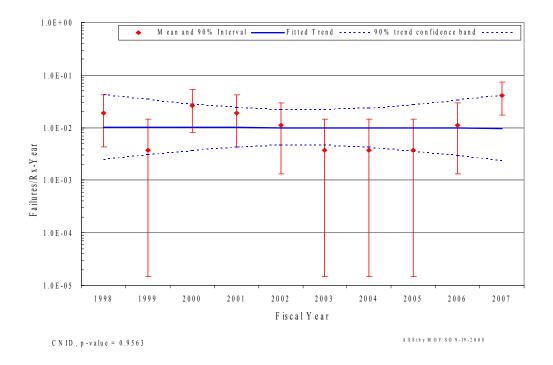


Figure 5. Frequency (failures per reactor year) of MOV SO events.

System	Valve	Valve	FY	Total	Percent									
Code	Count	Percent	98	99	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07		of
AFW	484	( 20/	4	(	-		4	0				1	21	Failures
		6.2%	4	6	5	5	4	0	2	2	2	1	31	7.1%
CCW	620	8.0%	5	1	2	2	4	3	1	0	2	1	21	4.8%
CDS	1	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CHW	46	0.6%	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0.5%
CIS	394	5.1%	5	2	2	3	4	3	0	2	2	0	23	5.3%
CRD	21	0.3%	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2%
CSR	332	4.3%	1	2	1	0	2	1	1	1	1	0	10	2.3%
CTS	6	0.1%	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2%
CVC	538	6.9%	3	3	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	15	3.4%
EPS	2	0.0%	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2%
FWS	8	0.1%	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2%
HCI	241	3.1%	4	3	2	3	1	1	2	2	2	8	28	6.4%
HCS	28	0.4%	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2%
HPI	1006	13.0%	7	2	4	3	4	1	4	5	2	2	34	7.8%
HVC	24	0.3%	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.7%
IAS	14	0.2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
ISO	20	0.3%	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0.9%
LCI	739	9.5%	7	4	7	1	1	1	5	5	6	9	46	10.6%
LCS	200	2.6%	4	7	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	16	3.7%
LPI	1089	14.0%	8	3	5	3	22	8	3	8	4	6	70	16.1%
MFW	316	4.1%	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	1	10	2.3%
MSS	145	1.9%	0	1	3	1	1	1	2	2	0	1	12	2.8%
RCI	287	3.7%	3	3	0	3	3	1	2	4	0	0	19	4.4%
RCS	158	2.0%	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	4	0.9%
RGW	1	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RPS	4	0.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RRS	68	0.9%	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0.7%
RWC	13	0.2%	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.7%
SGT	10	0.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
SLC	17	0.2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
SWN	728	9.4%	8	2	5	16	4	7	1	1	7	1	52	11.9%
SWS	187	2.4%	14	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	20	4.6%
VSS	19	0.2%	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	5	1.1%
Total	7766	100.0%	78	46	46	48	55	35	27	35	32	34	436	100.0%

Table 3. Summary of MOV failure counts for the FTOC failure mode over time by system.

System Code	Valve Count	Valve Percent	FY 98	FY 99	FY 00	FY 01	FY 02	FY 03	FY 04	FY 05	FY 06	FY 07	Total	Percent of
AFW	484	( 20/	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		Failures
AF W CCW		6.2%	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	14.3%
	620	8.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CDS	1	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CHW	46	0.6%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CIS	394	5.1%	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7.1%
CRD	21	0.3%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CSR	332	4.3%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CTS	6	0.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
CVC	538	6.9%	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7.1%
EPS	2	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
FWS	8	0.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
HCI	241	3.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
HCS	28	0.4%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
HPI	1006	13.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
HVC	24	0.3%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
IAS	14	0.2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
ISO	20	0.3%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
LCI	739	9.5%	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	14.3%
LCS	200	2.6%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	35.7%
LPI	1089	14.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
MFW	316	4.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
MSS	145	1.9%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RCI	287	3.7%	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	7.1%
RCS	158	2.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RGW	1	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RPS	4	0.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RRS	68	0.9%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
RWC	13	0.2%	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7.1%
SGT	10	0.1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
SLC	17	0.2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
SWN	728	9.4%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
SWS	187	2.4%	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7.1%
VSS	19	0.2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
Total	7766	100.0%	2	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	5	14	100.0%

Table 4. Summary of MOV failure counts for the SO failure mode over time by system.

# 5 MOV ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

A MOV assembly consists of a valve body and motor-operated sub-components (includes the circuit breaker). The valve body is generally a gate type. The motor-operator is generally a Limitorque or a Rotork ac or dc motor actuator.

The piece-parts of the valve body are the stem, packing, and internals. The motor-operator pieceparts include the torque switch, spring pack, limit switch, wiring/contacts, and motor internal and mechanical devices.

### 6 DATA TABLES

	Failures	Demands	Regressi	on Curve Da	ta Points	Plot Tre	end Error Bai	Points
FY/ Source			Mean	Lower (5%)	Upper (95%)	Lower (5%)	Upper (95%)	Mean
NUREG/ CR-6928						7.76E-05	2.81E-03	1.00E-03
1998	72	43713	1.17E-03	8.43E-04	1.61E-03	1.33E-03	1.96E-03	1.64E-03
1999	44	46996	1.08E-03	8.27E-04	1.42E-03	7.17E-04	1.18E-03	9.36E-04
2000	44	49384	1.01E-03	8.04E-04	1.27E-03	6.83E-04	1.12E-03	8.91E-04
2001	46	55597	9.39E-04	7.71E-04	1.14E-03	6.38E-04	1.04E-03	8.28E-04
2002	51	47151	8.73E-04	7.23E-04	1.05E-03	8.44E-04	1.34E-03	1.08E-03
2003	29	45250	8.12E-04	6.63E-04	9.96E-04	4.62E-04	8.50E-04	6.44E-04
2004	25	45132	7.56E-04	5.95E-04	9.60E-04	3.89E-04	7.51E-04	5.58E-04
2005	33	40317	7.03E-04	5.29E-04	9.36E-04	6.01E-04	1.06E-03	8.19E-04
2006	29	40594	6.54E-04	4.66E-04	9.19E-04	5.14E-04	9.46E-04	7.17E-04
2007	32	41091	6.09E-04	4.09E-04	9.07E-04	5.69E-04	1.02E-03	7.80E-04

Table 5. Plot data for industry-wide MOV FTOC trend. Figure 1

Table 6. Plot data for industry-wide MOV SO trend. Figure 2

EV/	Failures	Hours	Regressi	on Curve Da	ta Points	Plot Tre	end Error Bai	Points
FY/ Source			Mean	Lower (5%)	Upper (95%)	Lower (5%)	Upper (95%)	Mean
NUREG/ CR-6928						1.57E-10	1.54E-07	4.00E-08
1998	2	60303840	1.68E-08	4.04E-09	6.99E-08	7.06E-09	6.83E-08	3.08E-08
1999	0	60303840	1.67E-08	4.99E-09	5.59E-08	2.42E-11	2.37E-08	6.17E-09
2000	3	60303840	1.66E-08	6.01E-09	4.59E-08	1.34E-08	8.67E-08	4.32E-08
2001	2	60303840	1.65E-08	6.95E-09	3.92E-08	7.06E-09	6.83E-08	3.08E-08
2002	1	60303840	1.64E-08	7.53E-09	3.58E-08	2.17E-09	4.82E-08	1.85E-08
2003	0	60303840	1.63E-08	7.47E-09	3.56E-08	2.42E-11	2.37E-08	6.17E-09
2004	0	60303840	1.62E-08	6.80E-09	3.87E-08	2.42E-11	2.37E-08	6.17E-09
2005	0	60303840	1.61E-08	5.80E-09	4.48E-08	2.42E-11	2.37E-08	6.17E-09
2006	1	60303840	1.60E-08	4.75E-09	5.40E-08	2.17E-09	4.82E-08	1.85E-08
2007	5	60303840	1.59E-08	3.80E-09	6.67E-08	2.82E-08	1.21E-07	6.78E-08

FY	Demands	Reactor	Regressi	on Curve Da	ta Points	Plot Tr	end Error Ba	r Points
		Years	Mean	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Mean
				(5%)	(95%)	(5%)	(95%)	
1998	43713	99.0	4.99E+02	4.41E+02	5.63E+02	4.38E+02	4.45E+02	4.42E+02
1999	46996	99.0	4.89E+02	4.41E+02	5.42E+02	4.71E+02	4.78E+02	4.75E+02
2000	49384	99.3	4.80E+02	4.40E+02	5.23E+02	4.94E+02	5.01E+02	4.97E+02
2001	55597	99.0	4.71E+02	4.37E+02	5.07E+02	5.58E+02	5.66E+02	5.62E+02
2002	47151	99.0	4.62E+02	4.32E+02	4.94E+02	4.73E+02	4.80E+02	4.76E+02
2003	45250	99.0	4.53E+02	4.23E+02	4.85E+02	4.54E+02	4.61E+02	4.57E+02
2004	45132	99.3	4.44E+02	4.11E+02	4.80E+02	4.51E+02	4.58E+02	4.55E+02
2005	40317	99.0	4.36E+02	3.98E+02	4.78E+02	4.04E+02	4.11E+02	4.07E+02
2006	40594	99.0	4.28E+02	3.84E+02	4.77E+02	4.07E+02	4.13E+02	4.10E+02
2007	41091	99.4	4.20E+02	3.69E+02	4.77E+02	4.10E+02	4.17E+02	4.14E+02

Table 7. Plot data for frequency (events per reactor year) of MOV operation demands. Figure 3

Table 8. Plot data for frequency (events per reactor year) of MOV FTOC events. Figure 4

FY	Failures	Reactor	Regressi	on Curve Da	ta Points	Plot Tre	end Error Bai	r Points
		Years	Mean	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Mean
				(5%)	(95%)	(5%)	(95%)	
1998	72	99.0	5.85E-01	4.46E-01	7.67E-01	5.90E-01	8.69E-01	7.23E-01
1999	44	99.0	5.34E-01	4.25E-01	6.71E-01	3.40E-01	5.59E-01	4.44E-01
2000	44	99.3	4.88E-01	4.02E-01	5.91E-01	3.40E-01	5.57E-01	4.43E-01
2001	46	99.0	4.45E-01	3.76E-01	5.27E-01	3.58E-01	5.81E-01	4.64E-01
2002	51	99.0	4.07E-01	3.46E-01	4.79E-01	4.02E-01	6.37E-01	5.14E-01
2003	29	99.0	3.71E-01	3.11E-01	4.43E-01	2.11E-01	3.89E-01	2.94E-01
2004	25	99.3	3.39E-01	2.76E-01	4.17E-01	1.77E-01	3.42E-01	2.54E-01
2005	33	99.0	3.10E-01	2.42E-01	3.96E-01	2.45E-01	4.35E-01	3.34E-01
2006	29	99.0	2.83E-01	2.11E-01	3.79E-01	2.11E-01	3.89E-01	2.94E-01
2007	32	99.4	2.58E-01	1.84E-01	3.64E-01	2.36E-01	4.22E-01	3.23E-01

Table 9. Plot data for frequency (events per reactor year) of MOV SO events. Figure 5

FY	Failures	Reactor	Regressi	on Curve Da	ta Points	Plot Tre	Plot Trend Error Bar Points			
		Years	Mean	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Mean		
				(5%)	(95%)	(5%)	(95%)			
1998	2	99.0	1.02E-02	2.46E-03	4.25E-02	4.30E-03	4.16E-02	1.88E-02		
1999	0	99.0	1.02E-02	3.04E-03	3.40E-02	1.48E-05	1.44E-02	3.75E-03		
2000	3	99.3	1.01E-02	3.66E-03	2.79E-02	8.12E-03	5.27E-02	2.62E-02		
2001	2	99.0	1.01E-02	4.23E-03	2.39E-02	4.30E-03	4.16E-02	1.88E-02		
2002	1	99.0	9.99E-03	4.58E-03	2.18E-02	1.32E-03	2.93E-02	1.13E-02		
2003	0	99.0	9.93E-03	4.55E-03	2.17E-02	1.48E-05	1.44E-02	3.75E-03		
2004	0	99.3	9.87E-03	4.14E-03	2.35E-02	1.47E-05	1.44E-02	3.75E-03		
2005	0	99.0	9.81E-03	3.53E-03	2.72E-02	1.48E-05	1.44E-02	3.75E-03		
2006	1	99.0	9.75E-03	2.89E-03	3.28E-02	1.32E-03	2.93E-02	1.13E-02		
2007	5	99.4	9.69E-03	2.32E-03	4.06E-02	1.71E-02	7.37E-02	4.12E-02		

## 7 REFERENCE

1. S.A. Eide, et al, *Industry-Average Performance for Components and Initiating Events at U.S. Commercial Nuclear Power Plants*, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, NUREG/CR-6928, February 2007.